

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Mrs. Lucy Alfred, accused of complicity in the murder of her husband, Dr. Alfred, in Washington county, has obtained change of venue to Mercer county, the case set for the third day of the next November term. The annual convention of the Western veterans assembled in Louisville last Friday. Court will open at Lexington, Ohio, on the 24th, and the militia is to be reformed and everything made ready for a fight. The State Guards, save the best company, have left Lancaster. All quiet. Enthusiastic meeting of citizens of Garrard on the 5th, demanded order and obedience to law. Mr. R. M. Burdett, who was seriously shot by the Sellers party on the Wednesday night fight, in Lancaster, has gone to Louisville to institute a suit in the United States Court for \$100,000 against Wm. Sellers, for the said shooting. The play "The share of Mr. Sanders at Half Day Station," in this county, was inaugurated last Wednesday night, and a watch, some money and a few articles of merchandise stolen.

The distressing condition of affairs in Louisiana, as stated in a flood of war dispatches from New Orleans since Tuesday morning last, is enough to make the adamantine gizzard of Benet Butler bleed. A generous, brave, chivalrous and truly noble people go to degradation by misrule, usurpation, tyranny and the worst species of persecution, rise in their weakness and make the attempt, in the face of immediate annihilation, to free themselves from a yoke of worse than Egyptian bondage, by hurling from their positions of usurped power, a bearded chief magistrate and his thriving, soulless minions. Much as we regret the uprising, and as perfectly futile as the resort to arms of even Southern saints and angels must prove, we can but thank God that there remains in the people of Louisiana a spirit of courage to dare maintain their rights and die. So desperately intent is the Radical party upon carrying the Southern States next November, that it is perfectly senseless to hope that any degree of justice will be shown the whites in revolt against the usurpers. Grant will overcome them with his soldiers and draw the cruel cords tighter around their very throats, while Northern Radicals perfectly oblivious of the provocations to revolt, will ratify the action in the passage of more heinous laws for the complete enslaving of every free white citizen of the doomed South. As matters cannot possibly be made worse by it, we hope the armed citizens of ruined Louisiana will make the fur fly while they can.

The canvass for Congress in the Fayette District, between the bellows-lunged and brilliant Tom Marshall, and the gifted Blackburn, is the most remarkable one in the annals of Kentucky politics. Both brilliant orators, witty and talented, brave, gallant and chivalrous, each finds in the other a foreman worthy of his Damascus; and such a cutting, hacking, gnawing and slashing has never been witnessed in the State between contestants for office. Blackburn has the advantage of Marshall only in the fact that he is the properly constituted flag-man of the Democratic party, while his opponent carries the just odium which necessarily attaches to an "Independent" candidate. His position is a new one for a decendant of the Marshall genealogy, and though he bears up under the heavy burden very well, Blackburn is daily adding to the load until the last straw will be laid which will break honest Tom's spinal column about the first of November.

GOVERNOR LESLIE has dispatched a company of sixty of the State Guards, under Col. Clark, to Breathitt county for the purpose of breaking up a gang of lawless desperadoes which has kept up a series of disturbances and a reign of terror in that county for several years past. We learn that the people of Breathitt have not paid taxes for six years past, and have not had a Sheriff, or held a court for two years. The militia will go to Jackson, where a desperado named Strong has collected a number of ruffians and is barricaded in the court house. The expedition is under command of Captain Hendricks, of Lexington, an experienced officer, and one acquainted with the mountainous country into which the troops will be taken. A few desperate men will prove themselves troublesome to the citizen-soldiers if they run across them. We may listen to hear of resistance and bloodshed.

The Missionary convention of the Christian church held a three day's session in Lexington last week, doing little but mission work. A proposed plan for a change in the mode of selecting evangelists occasioned quite an animated discussion, and it was finally decided to allow the Louisville plan to remain in force. Elder Samuel Rodgers, of Covington, who has been seventy-five years in the ministry, addressed the convention previous to adjournment.

Moulton, of the Fowler-Tilton scandal, has appeared in print again with a rebutting statement, which we presume no one but himself and the proof readers of several daily Journals have read. As for ourselves, we cry hold! enough!

War in Louisiana.

Our readers are familiar with the government of Louisiana, and need not be reminded that at a general election in 1872 McEnery was elected Governor by a majority of 10,000 over his opponent, Kellogg, and Penn Lieutenant Governor by a majority of 15,000, over Antoine. That Kellogg and his minions took forcible control of the State Government, and that the Federal Government sustained the usurper. Since then Louisiana has been not only the worst government in the world but the costliest. The citizens have been promised reform time after time, but instead of reform, outrage after outrage has been heaped upon them, until nothing seemingly remained, but death or dishonor, and ruin. On last Monday they determined to put a stop to further outrages by the usurpers, by hurling them from power. A mass meeting of citizens, without regard to race, color or politics, was called, and assembled, and resolutions reciting some of the outrages committed by the Kellogg government, denouncing Kellogg as a usurper, and demanding his immediate abdication, which demand was met with an attack upon the meeting by the Metropolitan Police—more properly speaking the negroes and white cutthroats, under General Longstreet, organized to intimidate the citizens, and sustain the usurpers in their outrages upon the people of Louisiana. The Police were driven back at the first fire, and subsequently surrendered to the militia under Lieut. Gov. Penn. Longstreet and Kellogg fleeing. Gov. Penn took quiet possession of the State House, and was installed Lieut. Governor. Kellogg applied to the President for troops to sustain him and disperse Penn's militia. The President has issued a proclamation ordering the militia to disperse within five days.

THE LATEST.—The New Orleans movement has extended all over Louisiana, though no more blood has been shed. McEnery has arrived and taken control of the government. All is quiet, and business resumed. The negroes are satisfied and contented with the turn of affairs. A Brigade of colored troops under Kellogg refused to fire a shot in defense of the usurper. Many petitions have been forwarded to the President asking him to keep off the Federal troops. Even drunken, besotted Collector of Customs-Caney, has signed a statement to the President that all is quiet in the city. The Courier-Journal's editorial of yesterday, advises a civil war rather than to saccomb to a re-instatement of Kellogg. Let the word pass: Hands off Grant, otherwise we'll off with our coats and try 'em again!

Business Prospects.

The prophecies of a brisk business season have not been realized. Trade is unusually dull, even for August. The country merchants buy sparingly, and orders are light. The harvests are unusually large, but they are equally large in Europe, and the diminished demand for grain for exportation will lower the prices in the market so that the increased crop will bring less money. Already the price of grain has dropped over twenty per cent., and this fact, with the rise in the rates of freight on the great thorough lines, make Western farmers slow to buy.

But there is no good reason for thinking this dulness will continue long. The old stock of goods is nearly exhausted. People cannot wear old clothes nor use old carpets forever. They will buy new and outworn, and the best of machines break and give out at last. The panic has spent its force and the country is fast recovering from its effects. Shaky firms have been compelled to suspend, while strong ones have recovered and are in a better business condition than ever. Business of all kinds is done on a safer principle and in a healthier way than before last year's crisis. People have learned what stocks are valuable, and there is less gambling in speculation than formerly, while the stocks and bonds of roads that are really good are constantly appreciating. Three quarters of the iron-works in Pennsylvania, stopped by the panic, are at work, and the others will resume operations soon. All kinds of manufacturing are slowly increasing, and there is an increasing call for ships. Money is plenty and seeking safe investments, while real estate is favorable to building. There are small things in themselves, but they are healthful and encouraging signs of returning business activity and prosperity. The currency question was kept open so long that the uncertainty was seriously injurious to trade of all kinds; but now that question is settled for two years at the least, and business men know what to depend upon and govern themselves accordingly. There is such a thing as too much business as well as too little, and with our present enormous facilities it is to be feared. The prosperity of the future will result quite as much from saving as getting.—Health and Home.

The Radicals of the Rockcastle Congressional district have called a convention for the purpose of burning their former standard bearer against Mat. Adams, Richard Wood, off the track, and nominating an opponent for Cockrell. The district is just a little doubtful with the Democracy since the inevitable, Adams has declined to run again for re-election, and though Wood was good enough to run against Adams two years ago, some moneyed man is to be brought out this year and Woods sacrificed. It is fortunate, however, for Wood as Cockrell will prove a hard one to defeat.

PETER TRIBBLE, Reader of Pure English Chester Pigs. AT SIMPLE PRICE, in the county, Ky. Five miles from the city, in the county, Ky. Admitted and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice, Adams, Ky. 24-1

PETER TRIBBLE, Reader of Pure English Chester Pigs. AT SIMPLE PRICE, in the county, Ky. Five miles from the city, in the county, Ky. Admitted and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice, Adams, Ky. 24-1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

All new advertisements and notices will be inserted one time in this column, and then classified.

DR. A. G. STALLAKER, POINT ISABEL, PENNSYLVANIA, KENTUCKY. 125-2m

SOMERSET HOUSE, SOMERSET, KY. S. G. CUNDIFF, Proprietor. Corner Main street and public square. House newly fitted and furnished. Attractive servants and all conveniences. Charges reasonable. 125-2m

WANTED! FIVE FIRST-CLASS STONE MASONS. Ten first-class stone masons, one hundred dollars per month, and board, and prompt pay. Apply at Commercial Hotel, or the Interior Journal, Somerset, Ky. 125-2m

COUNSELLORS SOUTHERN R. R. McKAY BROTHERS, 125-2m

Mechanical. J. W. LACKY, D. C. JACKMAN, Lackey & Jackman, BEICK AND STONE MASONS, 125-2m

Patronize the STANFORD Woolen and Flouring Mills! West End Main Street, STANFORD, KENTUCKY. 125-2m

R. MATTINGLY & CO., PROS. MANUFACTURE Jeans, Linseys, Blankets, Flannels, and Stocking Yarns. Make a Superior Brand of Family Flour. 125-2m

AN EXTRA Fine Farm For Sale! Situated 4 miles South-east of Mill Springs, Wayne county, Kentucky, and contains: 125-2m

Three Hundred Acres, 125-2m

GOOD BRICK DWELLING, 125-2m

For Five Thousand Dollars, 125-2m

Public Sale of Land and Crop! 125-2m

Small Farm For Sale! 125-2m

ROAN MARE, 125-2m

Twenty Dollars Reward! 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

BIRCHLANDER.

DR. A. G. STALLAKER, POINT ISABEL, PENNSYLVANIA, KENTUCKY. 125-2m

SOMERSET HOUSE, SOMERSET, KY. S. G. CUNDIFF, Proprietor. Corner Main street and public square. House newly fitted and furnished. Attractive servants and all conveniences. Charges reasonable. 125-2m

WANTED! FIVE FIRST-CLASS STONE MASONS. Ten first-class stone masons, one hundred dollars per month, and board, and prompt pay. Apply at Commercial Hotel, or the Interior Journal, Somerset, Ky. 125-2m

COUNSELLORS SOUTHERN R. R. McKAY BROTHERS, 125-2m

Mechanical. J. W. LACKY, D. C. JACKMAN, Lackey & Jackman, BEICK AND STONE MASONS, 125-2m

Patronize the STANFORD Woolen and Flouring Mills! West End Main Street, STANFORD, KENTUCKY. 125-2m

R. MATTINGLY & CO., PROS. MANUFACTURE Jeans, Linseys, Blankets, Flannels, and Stocking Yarns. Make a Superior Brand of Family Flour. 125-2m

AN EXTRA Fine Farm For Sale! Situated 4 miles South-east of Mill Springs, Wayne county, Kentucky, and contains: 125-2m

Three Hundred Acres, 125-2m

GOOD BRICK DWELLING, 125-2m

For Five Thousand Dollars, 125-2m

Public Sale of Land and Crop! 125-2m

Small Farm For Sale! 125-2m

ROAN MARE, 125-2m

Twenty Dollars Reward! 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

First-class Building Stone, 125-2m

CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

FOR ANYTHING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

1874. THIRD 1874.

LOUISVILLE INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17.

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

1874. THIRD 1874.

LOUISVILLE INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17.

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

1874. THIRD 1874.

LOUISVILLE INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17.

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

THE Louisville Industrial Exposition! OPENS SEPT. 1. 1874. CLOSES OCT. 17. NO CHARGE FOR SPACE POWER SHAFTING

